Teaching Online

UBC Instructors Share Their Experiences

February 2021

FACILITATED BY IAN LINKLETTER & HELEN DEWAARD





Informal Format – thinking and sharing

- •Time
- Presence
- Measurement

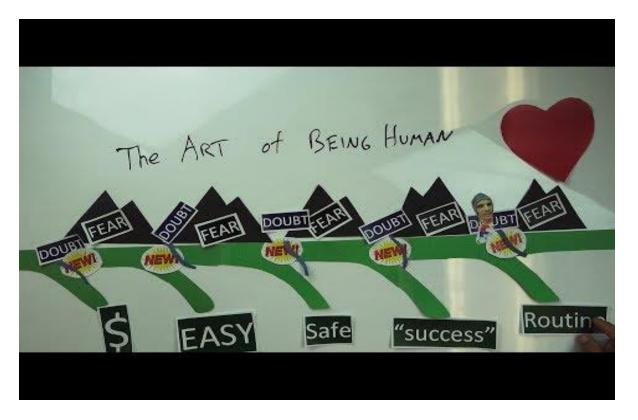




UBC Educational Technology Support

Reference work by Dr. Michael Wesch as a model for 'the art of being

human'





Time





Synchronicity?

QUESTIONS ABOUT TIME:

- How did your courses differ in design from your face-to-face version?
- What were some new design considerations (Activities/ Content/ Assessment)?
- What were some of the areas that you spent more or less time on as an instructor before the course, and during the course? Why?



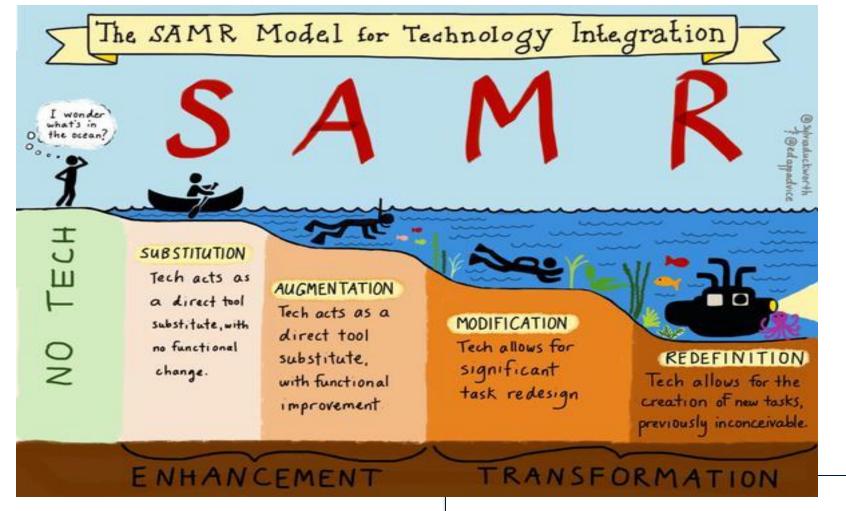


Image credit: Sylvia Duckworth, via @DavidGuerin

QUESTIONS ABOUT TIME:

 How did the flow and scheduling of your course change?

 How did you balance synchronous and asynchronous learning design? What worked well? What will you do again and why?



Synchronous Learning Activities



Build Community & Relationships



Guide Practice & Application



Lead Interactive Modeling Sessions



Facilitate Real-time Conversations



Differentiate Instruction for Small Groups



Foster Collaboration Among Students



Personalize Instruction
+ Provide I:1 Coaching



Real-time Feedback on Work In Progress

Asynchronous Learning Activities



Read & Take Notes



Watch Video-based Instruction



Listen to Podcasts



Explore Teacher-curated Resources



Engage in Online Discussions



Practice & Review



Research & Explore



Reflect + Document Learning

WEEKLY LEARNING

THIS COURSE WILL ADOPT A HYBRID APPROACH TO ONLINE LEARNING, WITH A COMBINATION OF SYNCHRONOUS & ASYNCHRONOUS LEARNING ACTIVITIES AS OUTLINED BELOW:



Presence







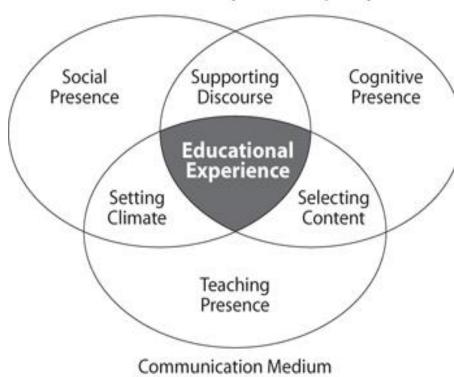
QUESTIONS ABOUT PRESENCE

- How did you establish online learning communities?
- What did you do to check-in or be responsive to student learning needs?
- How did you develop relationships with your students?



Community of Inquiry

Community of Inquiry



Social presence is "the ability of participants to identify with the community (e.g., course of study), communicate purposefully in a trusting environment, and develop inter-personal relationships by way of projecting their individual personalities." (Garrison, 2009)

Teaching Presence is the design, facilitation, and direction of cognitive and social processes for the purpose of realizing personally meaningful and educationally worthwhile learning outcomes (Anderson, Rourke, Garrison, & Archer, 2001).

Cognitive Presence is the extent to which learners are able to construct and confirm meaning through sustained reflection and discourse (Garrison, Anderson, & Archer, 2001).

https://coi.athabascau.ca/coi-model/

One page summary of the COI model: https://teaching.utoronto.ca/wp-content/uploads/2016/05/Community-of-Inquiry.pdf

How Do You Design Human Centered Learning?

Five focal points related to well-being:

- Nurture secure attachment and social belonging
- Nurture physical, psychological and social health in ways that are tailored to diverse contexts
- Nurture self-discovery
- Nurture exploration of meaningful purpose in life
- Nurture learners' ability to achieve financial independence.

Six vision elements for shifting education to support those focal points:

- Emphasize positive communications and relationship development
- Co-design well-being supports with the individuals and communities affected by them
- Broaden definitions of success to reflect a holistic view of human development
- Broaden learner supports to include more individuals, roles and organizations
- Restructure education to encourage connection, cross-curricular integration and meaning
- Broaden curricula to address honest historical truths.

QUESTIONS ABOUT Human Centered Content

 Where are you getting content from?

 How can you personalize and create content to promote student voice and choice in your courses?



Thinking about your Learners?





Thinking about your Learners? Aiming to become EXPERT Learners

AFFECTIVE NETWORKS:

THE WHY OF LEARNING



Engagement

For purposeful, motivated learners, stimulate interest and motivation for learning.

RECOGNITION NETWORKS:

THE WHAT OF LEARNING

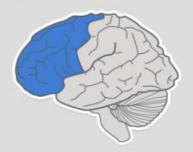


Representation

For resourceful, knowledgeable learners, present information and content in different ways.

STRATEGIC NETWORKS:

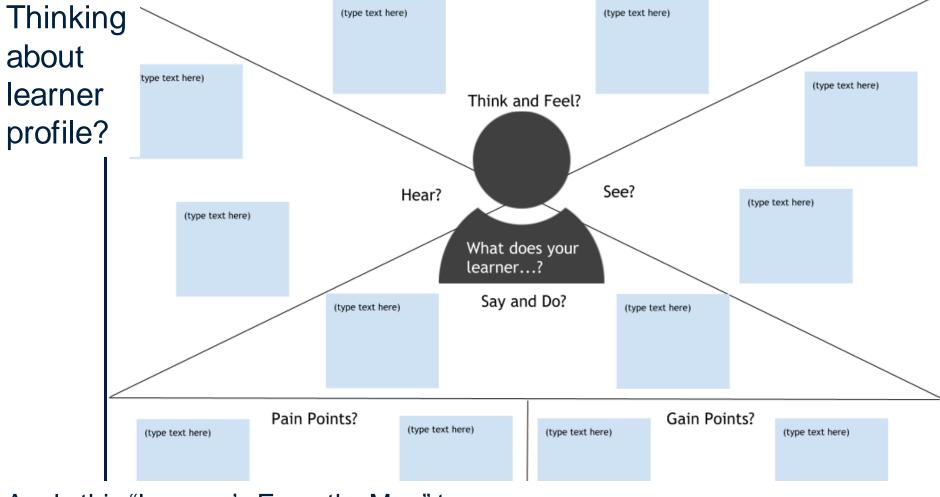
THE **HOW** OF LEARNING



Action & Expression

For strategic, goal-directed learners, differentiate the ways that students can express what they know.

UDL at a glance - CAST http://www.cast.org/impact/universal-design-for-learning-udl
Access, Build, Internalize to become expert learners - UDL Guidelines from CAST



Apply this "Learner's Empathy Map" to your course.

MEASUREMENT (Assessment)



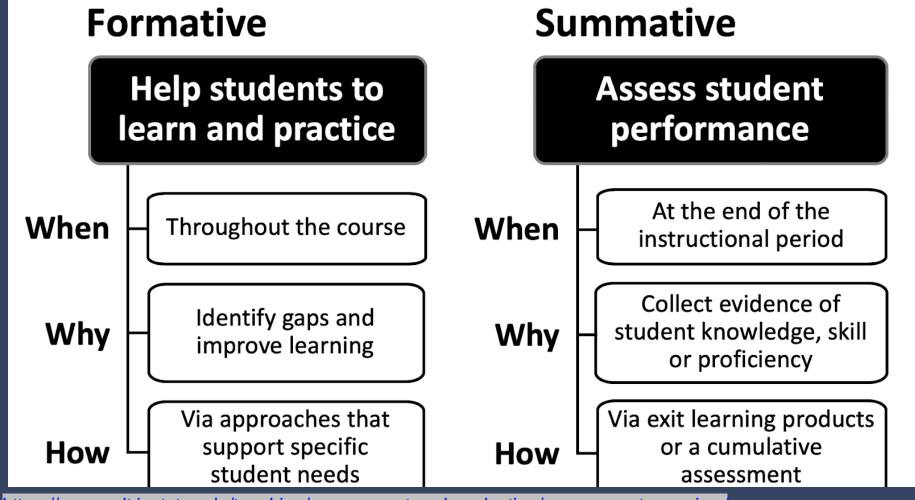


MEASUREMENT QUESTIONS

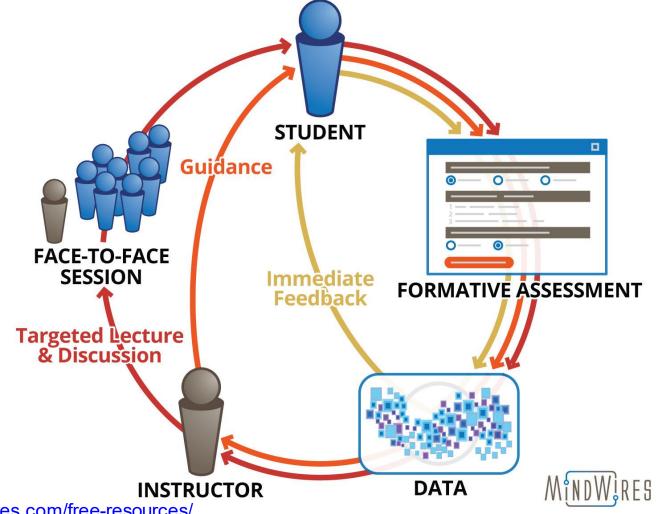
Assessment -



- How did you assess for learning in your online courses? How did this change from your face-toface delivery?
- What were some of the assessment changes that worked and why?
- What were some of the assessment changes that did not work and why?



https://www.celt.iastate.edu/teaching/assessment-and-evaluation/assessment-overview/



https://mindwires.com/free-resources/

UPCOMING WORKSHOPS



https://ets.educ.ubc.ca/workshops-events/

UBC Educational Technology Support



Questions? Contact us: ets.educ@ubc.ca